

Claims

1. A method (500) for communication between a client computer (900) and a server computer (901), both computers (900, 901) using the hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP), the client computer (900) using an HTTP-browser (210);  
5 the method (500) comprising the following steps:  
sending (520) a first request (230) from the client computer (900) to the server computer (901);  
upon receiving (530) the first request (230),  
the server computer (901), (i) allocating (531) a resource (340) at the server computer (901), the resource (340) with an identifier (350), and (ii)  
15 returning (532) a predetermined close instruction (360) to the browser (210), the close instruction (360) carrying the identifier (350);  
upon unloading (540) the close instruction (360) from the browser (210) of the client computer (900),  
20 sending (560) a second request (240) from the client computer (900) to the server computer (901), the second request (240) carrying the identifier (350) and indicating to de-allocate the resource (340); and  
25 upon receiving (570) the second request (240) from the client computer (900), by the server computer (901) de-allocating (580) the resource (340).

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2. The method (500) of claim 1, wherein after the server computer (901) has returned (532) the predetermined close instruction (360), and before the server computer (901) receives (570) the second request (240) from the client computer (900), the server computer (901) consecutively sends content pages (335) to the client computer (900).  
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3. The method (500) of claim 2, wherein in the step  
10 returning (532) a predetermined close instruction (360), the browser (210) presents the close instruction (360) in a first frame (215) and presents the content pages (335) in a second frame (216).
- 15 4. The method (500) of claim 2, wherein the close instruction (360) prevents selected content pages (335) from being cached by the browser (210).
- 20 5. The method (500) of claim 1, wherein in the step sending (560) a second request (240), the client computer (900) sends the second request (240) to a predetermined address of the server computer (901).
- 25 6. The method (500) of claim 1, wherein in the step returning (532) a predetermined close instruction, the predetermined close instruction (360) comprises script (1-5).
- 30 7. The method (500) of claim 1, wherein in the step returning (532) a predetermined close instruction, the script does not lead to a presentation by the browser (210).

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8. A computer program product (100/101) for HTTP-  
communication between a client computer (900) and a  
server computer (901), wherein the client computer  
(900) has a browser (210), the computer program  
product (100/101) having program code portions that  
cause a client processor (910) in the client computer  
(900) and a server processor (911) in the server  
computer (901) to control the communication,  
the computer program product (100/101) comprising:  
5 code portions that cause the client processor (910)  
to send (520) a first request (230) to the server  
computer (901);  
code portions that - upon receiving (530) the first  
request (230) by the server computer (901) -  
10 cause the server processor (911) to (i) allocate  
(531) a resource (340) at the server computer  
(901), the resource (340) with an identifier  
(350), and to (ii) return (532) a predetermined  
close instruction (360) to the browser (210), the  
close instruction (360) carrying the identifier  
15 (350);  
code portions that - upon unloading (540) the close  
instruction (360) from the browser (210) of the  
client computer (900) - cause the client  
processor (910) to send (560) a second request  
20 (240) to the server computer (901), the second  
request (240) carrying the identifier (350) and  
indicating to de-allocate the resource (340); and  
code portions that - upon receiving (570) the second  
25 request (240) from the client computer (900) -  
cause the server processor (911) to de-allocate  
(580) the resource (340).  
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9. The computer program product (100/101) of claim 8,  
wherein the code portions cause the client processor  
(900) to provide such a close instruction (360) that  
the browser (210) provides a first frame (215) to  
5 present the close instruction (360) in a first frame  
and provides a second frame (216) to present content  
pages (335) that the client computer (900) receives  
from the server computer (900).

10 10. The computer program product (100/101) of claim 8,  
wherein the code portions cause the client processor  
(900) to provide such a close instruction (360) that  
caching selected content pages (335) by the browser  
(210) is prevented.

15 11. The computer program product (100/101) of claim 8,  
wherein the code portions cause the client processor  
(900) to provide such a close instruction (360) that  
the client computer (900) sends the second request  
20 (240) to a predetermined address of the server  
computer (901).

25 12. A computer readable medium (970) storing the program  
code portions of the computer program product (100)  
of claim 8 that cause the client processor (910) to  
operate.

30 13. A computer readable medium (971) storing the program  
code portions of the computer program product (101)  
of claim 8 that cause the server processor (911) to  
operate.

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14. A computer system (999) in that a client computer (900) and a server computer (901) use HTTP for communication and in that the client computer (900) uses an HTTP-browser (210); the computer system (999)

5 characterized in that:

the client computer (900) sends (520) a first request (230) to the server computer (901);

the server computer (901), upon receiving (530) the

first request (230), (i) allocates (531) a

10 resource (340), the resource (340) having an

identifier (350), and (ii) returns (532) a

predetermined close instruction (360) to the

browser (210) of the client computer (900), the

close instruction (360) carrying the identifier

15 (350);

the client computer (900), upon unloading (540) the close instruction (360) from the browser (210),

sends (560) a second request (240) to the server computer (901), the second request (240) carrying

20 the identifier (350) and indicating to de-

allocate the resource (340); and

the server computer (901), upon receiving (570) the

second request (240) from the client computer

(900), de-allocates (580) the resource (340).

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15. The computer system (999) of claim 14, wherein the client computer (900) presents the close instruction (360) in a first frame (215) and presents the content pages (335) in a second frame (216).

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16. The computer system (999) of claim 14, wherein the server computer (901) provides the close instruction (360) such that in the client computer (900) the close instruction (360) prevents selected content pages (335) from being cached by the browser (210).
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17. A method (600) for communication between a client computer (900) and a server computer (901), both computers (900, 901) using the hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP), the client computer (900) using an

5 HTTP-browser (210);

the method (600) comprising the following steps:

sending (601) a request (230) from the client

computer (900) to the server computer (901);

upon receiving (611) the request (230),

10 the server computer (901):

- allocating (612) a resource at the server computer (901), the resource with an identifier (350) and a time-out period (T),

- returning (613) a close instruction (360) to the client computer (900), the close instruction (360) with the time-out period (T) and the identifier (350),

- measuring (614) the time (t) during that communication between the client computer (900)

20 and the server computer (901) is idle, and

- de-allocating (615) the resource (340) when the measured time (t) reaches the time-out period (T); and

upon receiving (602) the close instruction (360),

25 the client computer (900) -

- measuring (603) the time (t) during that the communication between the client computer (900) and the server computer (901) is idle,

30 • displaying (604) a warning to the user if the measured time (t) reaches a predetermined fraction (T/X) of the time-out period (T).

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18. A computer program product (100/101) for controlling  
HTTP-communication between a client computer (900)  
and a server computer (901), wherein the client  
computer (900) has a browser (210), the computer  
5 program product (100/101) with a client program  
portion (100) to control a client processor (910) and  
a server program portion (101) to control a server  
processor (911), characterized in that  
the client program product portion (100) causes the  
10 client processor (910) to send (601) a request  
(230) from the client computer (900) to the  
server computer (901);  
upon receiving (611) the request (230) by the server  
computer (901), the server program portion (101)  
15 causes the server processor (911) to allocate  
(612) a resource at the server computer (901),  
the resource with an identifier (350) and a time-  
out period (T), to return (613) a close  
instruction (360) to the client computer (900),  
20 the close instruction (360) with the time-out  
period (T) and the identifier (350), to measure  
(614) the time (t) during that communication  
between the client computer (900) and the server  
computer (901) is idle, and to de-allocate (615)  
25 the resource (340) when the measured time (t)  
reaches the time-out period (T); and

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upon receiving (602) the close instruction (360) by  
the client computer (900), the client program  
portion (100) causes the client processor (910)  
to measure (603) the time (t) during that the  
5 communication between the client computer (900)  
and the server computer (901) is idle, and to  
display (604) a warning to the user if the  
measured time (t) reaches a predetermined  
fraction (T/X) of the time-out period (T).

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19. A method (700) for communication between a client computer (900) and a server computer (901), both computers (900, 901) using the hypertext transfer protocol (HTTP), the client computer (900) using an  
5       HTTP-browser (210);  
         the method (700) comprising the following steps:  
         sending (720) a first request (230) from the client  
         computer (900) to the server computer (901);  
         allocating (731) a resource (340) at the server  
10      computer (901), the resource (340) with an  
         identifier (350);  
         returning (732) a predetermined response page to the  
         browser (210), the response page carrying the  
         identifier (350) and carrying browser  
15      instructions;  
         as instructed by the response page, periodically  
         sending (760) the second requests (240) by the  
         browser (210) to the server computer (901), the  
         second requests (240) carrying the identifier  
20      (350); and  
         at the server computer (901), periodically checking  
         (770) the arrival of the second requests (240)  
         with the identifier (350) from the client  
         computer (900) and de-allocating (780) the  
25      resource (340) in case a predetermined time  
         period (T) has lapsed since the last arrival.